

# SAMPLE PROGRAMS

Two Sample Programs are provided on diskette with the AOB2-P. Sample Program #1 demonstrates general use of the card. This program prompts you for a voltage, calculates the closest actual voltage based on the 12-bit resolution of the DAC, and then programs the card to output this voltage. Sample Program #1 is provided in QuickBASIC, C, and Pascal.

Sample Program #2 will generate a sine, triangle, or sawtooth output waveform. This program is provided in QuickBASIC, C, and Pascal. A commented listing of the C language version is as follows:

```
/*
 *
 *          SAMPLE 2.C
 *
 * This sample program will generate three different waveforms;
 * sine, triangle, and sawtooth. You have the choice of base
 * address, DAC number, and the number of points per cycle.
 *
 * The base address entered during program execution should
 * correspond to that setup on the card.
 *
 *
 *
 */
#include <math.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <dos.h>

#define PI 3.1415927

unsigned counts; /* number of points per cycle */
unsigned baseadr; /* card base address */
unsigned dacnum; /* DAC used for output */
unsigned progstruct[20000]; /* buffer to hold points */

/*
 *
 * FUNCTION: setparams() - local routine
 *
 * PURPOSE: Prompts the user for DAC number, base address and the
 * number of points per cycle.
 *
 * INPUT: None
 *
 * CALLS: None
 *
 * OUTPUT: None
 *
 *
 */

```

```

void setparms()
{
clrscr();
printf("Enter the base address of your card (in hex)\n");
printf("(Example: 300 : ");
scanf("%x",&baseadr);
printf("Enter the DAC number you wish to output to (0 or 1):");
scanf("%u",&dacnum);
dacnum%= 2;
printf("Enter the number of points that you wish to calculate per cycle,\n");
printf("(20000 maximum, program will use modulus if needed);");
scanf("%u",&counts);
counts%=20001;
} /end setparms*/

```

```

/*****
*
*   FUNCTION: sendtoport() - local routine
*
*   PURPOSE: Writes point buffer to the DAC until a key is pressed
*
*   INPUT: None
*
*   CALLS: None
*
*   OUTPUT: None
*
*****/

```

```

void sendtoport()

```

```

{
int          i,temp;
long         j;
unsigned char lowbyte,hibyte;

```

```

/*Each point is broken into the high byte and low byte, and then
written to the DAC in two separate bytes. */

```

```

do
{
for(i = 0; i <counts,i++)
{
temp = progstruct{i} % 256;
lowbyte = (unsigned char)temp;
temp = progstruct{i} / 256;
hibyte = (unsigned char)temp;
outp outputb(baseadr+(dacnum*2),lowbyte);
outputb(baseadr+(dacnum*2+1),hibyte);
}
}

```

```

while (!kbhit());
outputb(baseadr+(dacnum*2),0); /*set DAC to 0 output */
outputb(baseadr+(dacnum*2+1),0);
} /*end sendtoport */

```

```

/*****
*
* FUNCTION: sinecurve() - local routine
*
* PURPOSE: Calculate the points to create a sine wave.
*
* INPUT: None
*
* CALLS: None
*
* OUTPUT: None
*
*****/

```

```

void sinecurve()
{
int      i;
double   rads,sine;

if (counts == 0) return;          /*no point -- no curve */

clrscr();
printf("Calculating sine wave points...");

rads = (double) 2 * PI / (counts - 1);    /* rad per count */

for(i = 0;i <counts;i++)
{
sine = (sin(rads * i) + 1.0) * 2047;
progstruct[i] = (unsigned) sine * 16;
}

clrscr();
printf("Generating sine wave, press any key to stop...");
sendtoport();
}          /* end sinecurve */

```

```

/*****
*
* FUNCTION: trianglecurve() - local routine
*
* PURPOSE: Calculate the points to create a triangle wave.
*
* INPUT: None.
*
* CALLS: None
*
* OUTPUT: None.
*
*****/

```

```

void trianglecurve(void)
{
int      i;
double   slope,temp;

if (counts == 0) return;      /* no counts -- no curve */

clrscr();
Printf("Calculating triangle wave points....");

slope = 4095.0 / counts * 2.0;      /* waveform slope */
for(i=0;i <counts/2;i++)
{
temp = slope * i;
progstruct[i] = (int)temp * 16;
temp = 4095 - temp;
progstruct[i+counts/2+1] = (int)temp * 16;
}
clrscr();
printf("Generating triangle wave, press any key to stop....");
sendtoport();
}      /* end triangle curve */

/*****
*
*   FUNCTION: sawcurve() - local routine
*
*   PURPOSE: Calculate the points to create a sawtooth wave.
*
*   INPUT: None.
*
*   CALLS: None.
*
*   OUTPUT: None.
*
*****/

```

```

void sawcurve()
{
int      i;
double   slope,temp;

if (counts == 0) return;

clrscr();
printf("Calculating sawtooth wave points....");

slope = 4095.0 / counts; /* sawtooth slope*/

for(i = 0,i <counts;i++)
{
temp = slope * i;
progstruct[i] = (int) temp;
progstruct[i] %= 4096;
progstruct[i] *= 16;
}

clrscr();
printf("Generating sawtooth wave, press any key to stop....");
sendtoport();
}      /* end sawcurve */

```

```

/*****
*
*   FUNCTION: menulist() - local routine
*
*   PURPOSE: Display the menu choice on the screen.
*
*   INPUT: None.
*
*   CALLS: None.
*
*   OUTPUT: None.
*
*****/

```

```

void menulist(void)
{
clrscr();
printf("\n\n\n");
printf("Your menu selections are:\n");
printf("1. Input Card Data (do this first.)\n");
printf("2. Sine Curve\n");
printf("3. Triangle Curve\n");
printf("4. Sawtooth Curve\n");
printf("5. End Program, Return to DOS\n");
printf("Input Choice;");
}
/* end menulist */

```

```

/*****
*
*   FUNCTION: main() - local routine
*
*   PURPOSE: Controls program execution.
*
*   INPUT: None
*
*   CALLS: None
*
*   OUTPUT: None
*
*****/

```

```

void main(void)
{
char      menuchoice;

clrscr();
do
{
memset(progstruct, 0, sizeof(int);    /* clear buffer */
menulist();                          /* display the menu */
menuchoice=getch();                  /* fetch the menu choice */
switch(menuchoice)                  /* execute menu selection */
{
case '1':      setparms();          /* fetch system parameters */
               break;
case '2':      sinecurve();         /* generate a sine wave */
               break;
case '3':      trianglecurve();    /* generate a triangle wave */
               break;
case '4':      sawcurve();          /* generate a sawtooth wave */
               break;
case '5':      return;              /* exit to operating system */
               };
}
while(1== 1);
}
/* end main */

```